Find the value of $2 x^{2}$ when $x=3$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x=3 \\
& 2 \times 3=6 \\
& 6^{2}=36
\end{aligned}
$$

A

Simplify

$$
2 x-3 y+4 x+2 y
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x+4 x=6 x \\
& 3 y+2 y=5 y
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
6 x-5 y
$$

C

Find the value of $x^{2}-x$ when $x=-2$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x=-2 \\
& -2^{2}--2 \\
& -4+2=-2
\end{aligned}
$$

B

Simplify

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x^{2}+3 x-x^{2}-2 x^{2} \\
& 2+3-1-2=2 \\
& 2 x^{2}+3 x-x^{2}-2 x=2 x^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

(D)


Expand and simplify $4(x+1)-3(x-2)$


$$
=x-2
$$

1

Factorise completely 16ab-24a
$2(8 a b-12 a)$

$$
=2 a(8 b-12)
$$

K

Expand

$$
x y(2 x+3 y)
$$

$$
2 x y^{2}+3 x y^{2}
$$

$$
=5 x y^{2}
$$


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Factorise completely

$$
15 x^{2} y z-45 x y^{2} z
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 15\left(x^{2} y z-3 x y^{2} z\right) \\
& =15 x y z(x-3 x y)
\end{aligned}
$$

L

Expand and simplify

$$
(x-5)(x+5)
$$

$$
x^{2}-5 x-5 x-25
$$

$$
=x^{2}-10 x-25
$$

(M) $\qquad$

Solve

$$
x^{2}-15 x=0
$$

$$
x(x-15)=0
$$

$$
x-15=0
$$

$$
x=15
$$

0


Solve

$$
x^{2}-x-12=0
$$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
(x-3)(x+4)=0 \\
x-3=0 & x+4=0 \\
x=3 & x=-4
\end{array}
$$

P

Solve

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x}{3}+2=5 \\
& x+2=15 \\
& x=13
\end{aligned}
$$

N
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Solve simultaneously

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 p+5 q=7 \\
& p-2 q=-5 \\
& p-2 q=-5(\times 3) \\
& \begin{array}{l}
3 p+5 q=7 \\
3 p-6 q=-5
\end{array} \\
& \begin{aligned}
3 p-6 q & =-5 \\
-q & =-12
\end{aligned} \quad p=-2 x-12=-5 \\
& -q=-12 \quad p=-29
\end{aligned}
$$

Make $x$ the subject of the formula $/ \frac{B / S / G}{B / L / G ?}$

$$
y=\frac{a-x}{b}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
b y & =a-x \\
x & =b y-a
\end{aligned}
$$

S

Solve

$$
3 \leq 5 x-2<23
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
5 \leq 5 x \leq 25 \\
1 \leq x \leq 5
\end{gathered}
$$

R
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Make $x$ the subject of the formula ${ }^{M / S / S / G}$

$$
v=a \sqrt{x}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\sqrt{x} & =\frac{\mathrm{v}}{a} \\
\mathrm{x} & =\frac{\mathrm{v}^{2}}{a}
\end{aligned}
$$

T

