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QUESTION 3

**QUESTION 4** 

**QUESTION 5** 

Find the value of p for which the equation  $(p-3)x^2+px+3=0$  has a repeated root

Find the values of p for which the equation  $px^2 + 2px + 3 = 0$  has no real roots

Find the equation of the line parallel to the line 2y + 4x = 7 passing through point (1,5). Give your answer in the form ax + by = c

Use the binomial expansion to write down the first four terms of  $(1 + 2x)^7$ 

Find the gradient of the tangent to the curve  $y = x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x - 1$  at the point (-1,-6)

### SKILLS CHECK

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Find the values of k for which the equation  $8x^2 + (k+6)x + k = 0$  has a repeated root

Find the values of p for which the equation  $x^2 + 2px + 1 = 0$  has no real roots

Find the equation of the line parallel to the line 6y + 3x = -4 passing through point (-3,4). Give your answer in the form ax + by = c

Use the binomial expansion to write down the first four terms of  $\,(1$  -  $4x)^{10}$ 

Find the coordinates of the stationary points of the curve  $y=2x^3-24x$ 

### SKILLS CHECK

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Find the values of  $\,{\bf k}$  for which the equation  $8x^2+(k+6)x+k=0\,\,$  has a repeated root

Find the values of p for which the equation  $x^2 + 2px + 1 = 0$  has no real roots

Find the equation of the line parallel to the line 6y + 3x = -4 passing through point (-3,4). Give your answer in the form ax + by = c

Use the binomial expansion to write down the first four terms of  $(1 - 4x)^{10}$ 

Find the coordinates of the stationary points of the curve  $y=2x^3-24x$ 

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**QUESTION 5** 

Find the values of  $\, {\bf k}$  for which the equation  $9x^2+kx+k-5=0 \,$  has a repeated root

Find the values of p for which the equation  $3x^2 + px + 3 = 0$  has real and distinct roots

Find the equation of the line through point (2,-3) which is perpendicular to the line passing through points (2,-3) and (4,5). Give your answer in the form ax + by = c

Use the binomial expansion to write down the first three terms of  $(2 - 3x)^{10}$ 

Find the gradient of the tangent to the curve

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 - \frac{1}{4}x$$
 at the point where x =  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

## SKILLS CHECK

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**QUESTION 4** 

Find the values of  $\,{\bf k}$  for which the equation  $9x^2+kx+k-5=0\,\,$  has a repeated root

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Use the binomial expansion to write down the first three terms of  $(2 - 3x)^{10}$ 

Find the gradient of the tangent to the curve  $y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 - \frac{1}{4}x$  at the point where  $x = \frac{1}{2}$ 

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**QUESTION 4** 

**QUESTION 5** 

Find the values of p for which the equation  $(p-1)x^2+px+5x+8=0$  has a repeated root

Find the values of p for which the equation  $px^2 + 4x + 5 - p = 0$  has real and distinct roots

Find the equation of the line through point (6, 3) which is parallel to the line passing through points (-4, -1) and (-6, 9). Give your answer in the form ax + by = c

Find the coefficient of the 4<sup>th</sup> term in the expansion of  $\left(4 + \frac{x}{2}\right)^9$ 

Find the gradient of the tangent to the curve  $y = \frac{3}{2}x^2 + \frac{5}{6}x^3 - \frac{5}{4}x$  at the point where x = -1

## SKILLS CHECK

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QUESTION 3

Find the values of p for which the equation  $(p-1)x^2+px+5x+8=0$  has a repeated root

Find the values of p for which the equation  $px^2 + 4x + 5 - p = 0$  has real and distinct roots

Find the equation of the line through point (6, 3) which is parallel to the line passing through points (-4, -1) and (-6, 9). Give your answer in the form ax + by = c

Find the coefficient of the 4<sup>th</sup> term in the expansion of  $(4 + \frac{x}{2})^9$ 

Find the gradient of the tangent to the curve  $y = \frac{3}{2}x^2 + \frac{5}{6}x^3 - \frac{5}{4}x$  at the point where x = -1

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Find the value of p for which the equation  $(p-1)x^2+px+4x+5=0$  has a repeated root

Find the values of p for which the equation  $x^2 + 3(p+1)x + p + 1 = 0$  has no real roots

Find the equation of the line perpendicular to the line 2y - x = 5 passing through point (-2,4). Give your answer in the form ax + by = c

Find the coefficient of the 5th term in the expansion of  $(3-\frac{x}{3})^{10}$ 

Find the x-coordinates of the stationary points of the curve  $y = 5x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x + 10$ 

### SKILLS CHECK

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QUESTION 3

QUESTION 5

Find the value of  $\,{\bf p}$  for which the equation  $(p-1)x^2+px+4x+5=0\,\,$  has a repeated root

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**QUESTION 4** 

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Find the values of k for which the equation  $(k-3)x^2+(k+3)x+k+3=0$  has a repeated root

Find the values of p for which the equation  $2x^2 - (1+p)x + 5 = p$  has real and distinct roots

Find the equation of the line perpendicular to the line 5y - 2x = 10 passing through point (-4,3). Give your answer in the form ax + by = c

Find the coefficient of the 5th term in the expansion of  $\ (2-\frac{3x}{2})^8$ 

Find the equation of the tangent to the curve  $y=5-10x+x^3$  at the point when  ${\bf x}$  = -1

### SKILLS CHECK

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Find the values of  $\, \mathbf{k} \,$  for which the equation  $\, (k-3)x^2 + (k+3)x + k + 3 = 0 \,$  has a repeated root

Find the equation of the line perpendicular to the line 5y - 2x = 10 passing through point (-4,3). Give your answer in the form ax + by = c

Find the coefficient of the 5<sup>th</sup> term in the expansion of  $(2 - \frac{3x}{2})^8$ 

Find the equation of the tangent to the curve  $y=5-10x+x^3$  at the point when x = -1

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Find the values of k for which the equation  $kx^2 + (k+5)x + 2k + 1 = k + 1$  has a repeated root

Find the values of p for which the equation  $4x^2 + 8x - 4px + 8 - 7p = 0$  has no real roots

Find the equation of the line parallel to the line 4y + 3x = 5 passing through point (-4,4). Give your answer in the form ax + by = c

Find the coefficient of the 6th term in the expansion of  $(\frac{1}{2}-2x)^{12}$ 

Find the values of x for which the tangents to the curve  $y = 3x^3 + 6x^2 - 2x + 5$  are parallel to the graph y - 3x = 2

### SKILLS CHECK

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Find the values of k for which the equation  $kx^2 + (k+5)x + 2k + 1 = k+1$  has a repeated root

Find the values of p for which the equation  $4x^2 + 8x - 4px + 8 - 7p = 0$  has no real roots

Find the equation of the line parallel to the line 4y + 3x = 5 passing through point (-4,4). Give your answer in the form ax + by = c

Find the coefficient of the 6<sup>th</sup> term in the expansion of  $(\frac{1}{2}-2x)^{12}$ 

Find the values of x for which the tangents to the curve  $y=3x^3+6x^2-2x+5$  are parallel to the graph y - 3x = 2